

Human Complement C9 ELISA Kit

Vertrieb:

L O X O GmbH Immunbiologie Biochemie, Produkte und Systeme Postfach 11 30 69215 Dossenheim

> Assaypro LLC 30 Triad South Drive St. Charles, MO 63304 T (636) 447-9175 F (636) 447-9475

www.assaypro.com

Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information. Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

The datasheet is only a first information.

The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

Assay Summary

Step 1. Add 50 μ l of Standard or Sample per well. Incubate 2 hours.

Step 2. Wash, then add 50 μ l of Biotinylated Antibody per well. Incubate 1 hour.

Step 3. Wash, then add 50 μ l of SP Conjugate per well. Incubate 30 minutes.

Step 4. Wash, then add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well. Incubate 15 minutes.

Step 5. Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Symbol Key



Consult instructions for use.

Assay Template

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AssayMax Human Complement C9 ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EC9101-1
Sample Insert/Reference Only

Introduction

Human complement component 9 (C9) is the terminal component of the complement cascade. It is secreted as an amphiphilic single-chain glycoprotein with 537 amino acids, 71 kDa, and circulates in the blood (1). The protease α -thrombin cleaves C9 at 294 amino acid residues from the carboxy-terminal end and produces two single-chain polypeptides: a hydrophilic C9a and a hydrophobic C9b. In the presence of membrane bound components C5b-8, C9 inserts into the phopholipid bilayer and becomes a pore-forming subunit of the membrane attack complex (MAC) on target membranes (2, 3). C9-deficient individuals have a significantly increased risk of developing meningococcal meningitis (4).

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Complement C9 ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of C9 in human plasma, serum, saliva, milk, urine, CSF, and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures C9 in less than 4 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for C9 has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. C9 in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and a biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for C9, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standard, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay.
- Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.
- Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.

- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.

Reagents

- **Human Complement C9 Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against human C9.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human Complement C9 Standard:** Human C9 in a buffered protein base (30 ng, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Human Complement C9 Antibody (50x):** A 50-fold biotinylated polyclonal antibody against human C9 (140 µl).
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x)**: A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate): A 100-fold concentrate (80 μl).
- **Chromogen Substrate**: A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution**: A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with Diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with Diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μl, 20-200 μl, 200-1000 μl, and multiple channel).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

- Plasma: Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:20000 into EIA Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as an anticoagulant).
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes, and remove serum. Dilute samples 1:20000 into EIA Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Centrifuge cell culture media at 3000 x g for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Store the remaining samples at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- Milk: Collect milk using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:50 into EIA Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Saliva:** Collect saliva using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Store undiluted samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Urine:** Collect urine using sample pot. Centrifuge samples at 800 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Store undiluted samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **CSF:** Collect cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) using sample pot. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:100 into EIA Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -80°C for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Refer to Sample Dilution Guidelines below for further instruction.

	Guidelines for Dilutions of 1:100 or Greater (for reference only; please follow the protocol for specific dilution suggested)				
-	1:100		1:10000		
A)	4 ul sample: 396 μl buffer(100x)	A)	4 μl sample : 396 μl buffer (100x)		
	= 100 fold dilution	B)	4 μl of A : 396 μl buffer (100x)		
			= 10000 fold dilution		
	Assuming the needed volume is less than		Assuming the needed volume is less than		
	or equal to 400 μl.		or equal to 400 μl.		
	1:1000		1:100000		
A)	4 μl sample : 396 μl buffer (100x)	A)	4 μl sample : 396 μl buffer (100x)		
B)	24 μl of A : 216 μl buffer (10x)	B)	4 μl of A : 396 μl buffer (100x)		
	= 1000 fold dilution	C)	24 μl of B : 216 μl buffer (10x)		
			= 100000 fold dilution		
	Assuming the needed volume is less than		Assuming the needed volume is less than		
	or equal to 240 μl.		or equal to 240 μl.		

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the EIA Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Standard Curve: Reconstitute the 30 ng of Human Complement C9 Standard with 2 ml of EIA Diluent to generate a 15 ng/ml standard solution. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (15 ng/ml) 1:2 with EIA Diluent to produce 7.5, 3.75, 1.875, 0.938, 0.469, and 0.234 ng/ml solutions. EIA Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

Standard Point Dilution		[C9] (ng/ml)
P1	Standard (15 ng/ml)	15.00
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part EIA Diluent	7.500
Р3	1 part P2 + 1 part EIA Diluent	3.750
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part EIA Diluent	1.875
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part EIA Diluent	0.938
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part EIA Diluent	0.469
P7	1 part P6 + 1 part EIA Diluent	0.234
P8	EIA Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Complement C9 Antibody (50x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:50 with EIA Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with EIA Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, standard solutions, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 50 µl of Human Complement C9 Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 µl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 μl of Biotinylated Complement C9 Antibody to each well and incubate for 1 hour.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate per well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for 15 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections.
 Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some

unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using four-parameter or log-log logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Typical Data

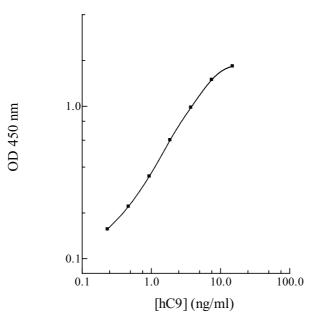
• The typical data is provided for reference only. Individual laboratory means may vary from the values listed. Variations between laboratories may be caused by technique differences.

Standard Point	ng/ml	OD	Average OD
P1	15.00	1.885	1.879
PI	15.00	1.874	1.879
P2	7.500	1.270	1.320
PZ	7.500	1.370	1.520
P3	3.750	0.931	0.941
Po	5.750	0.952	0.941
P4	1.875	0.557	0.580
Γ 4	1.0/5	0.604	0.560
P5	0.938	0.358	0.361
r ₂		0.363	0.301
P6	0.469	0.222	0.220
FU	0.409	0.218	0.220
P7	0.234	0.164	0.169
Γ/	0.234	0.174	0.109
P8	0.000	0.114	0.112
	0.000	0.110	0.112
Sample: Po	ol Normal,	0.675	0.700
Sodium Citrate I	Plasma (20000x)	0.743	0.709

Standard Curve

• The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Human Complement C9 Standard Curve



Reference Value

- Normal human complement C9 plasma levels range from 30 to 100 μg/ml.
- Human plasma and serum samples from healthy adults were tested (n=40). On average, complement C9 level was 58 μg/ml.

Sample	n	Average Value (μg/ml)
Human Pool Normal Plasma	10	52.3
Human Normal Plasma	20	57.7
Human Pool Normal Serum	10	64.1

Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of complement C9 as calculated by 2SD from the mean of a zero standard was established to be 0.11 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay precision was determined by testing replicates of three plasma samples in one assay.
- Inter-assay precision was determined by testing three plasma samples in twenty assays.

	Intra	-Assay Pred	ision	Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	20	20	20
CV (%)	4.6%	4.1%	5.2%	10.0%	9.2%	9.6%
Average CV (%)	4.6%				9.6%	

Spiking Recovery

• Recovery was determined by spiking two plasma samples with different complement C9 concentrations.

Sample	Unspiked Sample (ng/ml)	Spike (ng/ml)	Expected	Observed	Recovery (%)
		0.5	3.0	3.4	113%
1	2.5	2.5	5.0	5.3	106%
		5.0	7.5	7.3	97%
		0.5	5.5	5.4	98%
2	5.0	2.5	7.5	7.6	101%
		5.0	10.0	9.2	92%
	101%				

Linearity

• Plasma and serum samples were serially-diluted to test for linearity.

	Average Percentag	e of Expected Value (%)
Sample Dilution	Plasma	Serum
1:10000	91%	102%
1:20000	97%	97%
1:40000	103%	104%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	Cross Reactivity (%)
Monkey	<60%
Mouse	None
Rat	None
Swine	None
Canine	None
Bovine	None
Rabbit	None
Human	100%
Proteins	Cross Reactivity (%)
Complement C1	None
Complement C3	None
Complement C4	None
Complement C5	None
Complement C6	None
Complement C7	None
Complement C8	None
Complement C9	100%

Troubleshooting

Issue	Causes	Course of Action
	Use of expired components	 Check the expiration date listed before use. Do not interchange components from different lots.
_	Improper wash step	 Check that the correct wash buffer is being used. Check that all wells are dry after aspiration. Check that the microplate washer is dispensing properly. If washing by pipette, check for proper pipetting technique.
cisior	Splashing of reagents while loading wells	Pipette properly in a controlled and careful manner.
Low Precision	Inconsistent volumes loaded into wells	 Pipette properly in a controlled and careful manner. Check pipette calibration. Check pipette for proper performance.
	Insufficient mixing of reagent dilutions	 Thoroughly agitate the lyophilized components after reconstitution. Thoroughly mix dilutions.
	Improperly sealed microplate	 Check the microplate pouch for proper sealing. Check that the microplate pouch has no punctures. Check that three desiccants are inside the microplate pouch prior to sealing.

gnal	Microplate was left unattended between steps	 Each step of the procedure should be performed uninterrupted.
S	Omission of step	• Consult the provided procedure for complete list of steps.
High	Steps performed in incorrect order	Consult the provided procedure for the correct order.
Unexpectedly Low or High Signal Intensity	Insufficient amount of reagents added to wells	Check pipette calibration.Check pipette for proper performance.
≥ ≦	Wash step was skipped	Consult the provided procedure for all wash steps.
tec	Improper wash buffer	 Check that the correct wash buffer is being used.
xpeci	Improper reagent preparation	 Consult reagent preparation section for the correct dilutions of all reagents.
Une	Insufficient or prolonged incubation periods	 Consult the provided procedure for correct incubation time.
d Curve Fit	Non-optimal sample dilution	 Sandwich ELISA: If samples generate OD values higher than the highest standard point (P1), dilute samples further and repeat the assay. Competitive ELISA: If samples generate OD values lower than the highest standard point (P1), dilute samples further and repeat the assay. User should determine the optimal dilution factor for samples.
andaı	Contamination of reagents	 A new tip must be used for each addition of different samples or reagents during the assay procedure.
Deficient Standard Curve Fit	Contents of wells evaporate	 Verify that the sealing film is firmly in place before placing the assay in the incubator or at room temperature.
	Improper pipetting	 Pipette properly in a controlled and careful manner. Check pipette calibration. Check pipette for proper performance.
	Insufficient mixing of reagent dilutions	 Thoroughly agitate the lyophilized components after reconstitution. Thoroughly mix dilutions.

References

- (1) DiScipio RG et al. (1984) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 81(23):7298-7302
- (2) Tschopp J et al. (1984) J Biol Chem. 259(3):1922-1928
- (3) Stanley KK et al. (1985) The EMBO Journal 4(2):375-382
- (4) Nagata M et al. (1989) J Pediatr. 114(2):260-264

Version 1.5

Related Products

- EC1101-1 AssayMax Human Complement C1q ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Saliva, Urine, Milk, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC1102-1 AssayMax Human Complement C1r ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Saliva, Milk, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC1111-1 AssayMax Human Complement C1 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC2001-1 AssayMax Human Complement C2 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC2101-1 AssayMax Human Complement C3 ELISA Kit (Plasma and Serum samples)
- EC3201-1 AssayMax Human Complement C3 ELISA Kit (Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC3301-1 AssayMax Human Complement C3b ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, CSF, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC2102-1 AssayMax Human Complement C4 ELISA Kit (Plasma and Serum samples)
- EC3202-1 AssayMax Human Complement C4 ELISA Kit (Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC2202-1 AssayMax Human Complement C4BP ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Saliva, Milk, CSF, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC5101-1 AssayMax Human Complement C5 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC6101-1 AssayMax Human Complement C6 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC7101-1 AssayMax Human Complement C7 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Urine, Milk, Saliva, and Cell Culture samples)
- EC8101-1 AssayMax Human Complement C8 ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, Milk, Saliva, Urine, and Cell Culture samples